### Heads of terms for the completion of a Section 106 agreement

### Linton - Bartlow Road S/1963/15/OL

South Cambridgeshire District Council (Affordable Housing)								
Affordable housing percentage	40%							
Affordable housing tenure	70/30							
Local connection criteria	None sought by housing officer							

Cambridgeshire County Council										
Ref	Туре	Policy	Required	Detail	Quantum	Fixed contribution / Tariff	Trigger	Officer agreed	Applicant agreed	Number of existing Pooled obligations
CCC1	Early years	DP/4	NO	According to County Council guidance the development is expected to generate a net increase of 17 (16.5) early years aged children of which 9 are liable for contributions (assuming a general multiplier of 30 children per 100 homes).  In terms of early years' capacity, County education officers have confirmed that there is sufficient capacity in the area to accommodate the places being generated by this development.  Therefore no contribution for early years provision is required.						
CCC2	Primary School	DP/4	NO	According to County Council guidance the development is expected to generate a net increase of 20 (19.25) primary school places (assuming a general						

				multiplier of 35 children per 100					
				homes).					
				The catchment school is Linton					
				Infant & Linton Heights Junior					
				schools. In terms of primary					
				school capacity, County education					
				officers have confirmed that there					
				is sufficient capacity in the area to					
				accommodate the places being					
				generated by this development.					
				Therefore no contribution for					
				primary education is required.					
CCC3	Secondary	DP/4	NO	According to County Council					
	school			guidance the development is					
	3033.			expected to generate a net					
				increase of 14 (13.75) secondary					
				school places (assuming a general					
				multiplier of 25 children per 100					
				homes).					
				,					
				The catchment school is Linton					
				Village College. County education					
				officers have confirmed that there					
				is sufficient capacity in the area to					
				accommodate the places being					
				generated by this development.					
				Therefore no contribution for					
0004		55/4	\/=0	secondary education is required.	05.040.50	TDO	\/50		
CCC4	Libraries and	DP/4	YES	The proposed increase in	£5,812.56	TBC	YES		None
	lifelong			population from this development					
	learning			(55 dwellings x 2.5 average					
				household size = 138 new					
				residents) will put pressure on the					
				library and lifelong learning service					
				in the village. Linton library already				1	
				serves a population of nearly					
				5,000 including the villages of Linton, Hildersham and					
				Horseheath.					
				i ioisetteatti.					
				A contribution of £42.12 per					
				increasing population for					
				enhancement to the library in					
			1	Linton, a total of £5,812.56 (138			1		

				new residents X £42.12). This contribution would be used towards the reorganisation of the layout of Linton Library including the remodelling of the existing library counter, to enable extra shelving units and appropriate resources (both Adult and Junior) to be installed in the library to serve the additional residents.			
CCC5	Strategic waste	RECAP WMDG	NO	Pooling limit reached such that no further contributions may be secured			
CCC6	Transport	TR/3					
CCC7	CCC monitoring	None		The County Council have sought a contribution of £150 (at a rate of £50 per hour) towards the cost of monitoring. The District Council does not support this request as (i) it is contrary to a Court of Appeal decision on section 106 monitoring (ii) appeal decision in South Cambs have confirmed that monitoring fees cannot be secured on straightforward matters (iii) the District Council will undertake this function and share information with CCC. On this basis the Council considers that the request fails to satisfy the tests as set out in CIL Reg 122 and para 204 of the NPPF.		NOT AGREED	

	South Cambridgeshire District Council									
Ref	Туре	Policy	Required	Detail	Quantum	Fixed contribution / Tariff	Trigger	Officer agreed	Applicant agreed	Number of existing Pooled obligations
SCDC1	Open space (sport)	SF/10	YES	The recreation study of 2013 highlighted that Linton had a deficient level of sports space	£55,000 (circa)	Tariff	TBC	YES		None

against South Cambs policies (i.e.
the policy requires 7.22 hectares
whereas the village only has 3.03
hectares). The study also said that
there is a "need for an additional
football pitch to meet local need
and improved drainage at the
existing facility. The cricket club
also require an additional pitch to
meet the demand for additional
junior teams". It also said the
football pitches are prone to
flooding. This study did not take
into account the facilities at Linton
Village College which, although at
the current time may be available
for public hire, are not guaranteed
through a community access
agreement.
The development is circa 1.4km
from the recreation ground
thereby exceeding recommended
walking distances for older
children to access NEAP's and
para 4.7 of the open space in new
developments SPD that says "All
residential development should
have good access to formal sports
provision, ideally within
1,000m".
The contribution required as per
the open space in new
developments SPD would be:
1 bed - £625.73
2 bed - £817.17
3 bed - £1,130.04
4+ bed - £1,550.31
1. 200 21,000.01
Linton Parish Council have,
however, expressed a concern
that they will not be able to
properly mitigate the impact of the
development with this level of
contribution on the grounds that

				what the village really needs is				
				additional land and no land owner will be prepared to sell for agricultural rates while the Council does not have a 5 year land supply.				
				Linton Parish Council has therefore put forward projects that would be located on the recreation ground. These projects include:				
				BMX/skate park				
				Climbing wall				
				Changing the bowling green for possible use as Multi Use Games Area, sports/football training area, tennis court, etc.				
				Trim Trail for adult exercise.				
SCDC2	Open space (children's play)	SF/10	YES	The developer will be required to provide a locally equipped area for play (LEAP) in accordance with the open space in new developments SPD		TBC	YES	None
SCDC3	Open space (informal open space)	SF/10	YES	This is mitigated by the provision of a strategic green buffer to be secured		TBC	YES	None
SCDC4	Offsite indoor community space	DP/4	YES	The community facilities audit of 2009 highlighted that Linton had a deficient level of indoor community space against South Cambs policies (i.e. the policy requires 111m2 per 1000 people therefore Linton requires 488m2 of space, whereas the village only has 160m2). The study also highlighted that a number of improvements should be made to Linton Village Hall.	£25,000 (circa)	TBC	YES	None
				Linton is defined as a Minor Rural				

Centre in the Core Strategy and in accordance with the Community Facilities Audit 2009 the proposed standard for Minor Rural Centres is as follows:
Rural Centres should have at least one good sized facility which offers access to community groups at competitive rates.
The centre should feature one main hall space suitable for various uses, including casual sport and physical activity; theatrical rehearsals/ performances and social functions. The facility should also offer at least one meeting room.
All facilities, including toilets, should be fully accessible, or retro-fitted to ensure compliance with Disability Discrimination Act legislation wherever possible.
Facilities should include a kitchen/catering area for the preparation of food and drink. The venue should have the capacity for Temporary Events for functions which serve alcohol.
Where practical and achievable, new build facilities should be delivered with appropriate energy-efficiency measures in place, although this should be undertaken with the balance of expenditure/

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	saving in mind, given the	
	likely hours of usage.	
	Facilities should be	
	designed to offer ease of	
	management, as volunteers	
	are likely to be primarily	
	responsible for day to day	
	upkeep.	
	Linton Village Hall is run by a	
	charity and is said to	
	accommodate 170 seated, 200	
	standing. It holds entertainment	
	licence but no alcohol licence, no	
	public dances, disabled access	
	and toilet, basic kitchen available	
	but no food preparation allowed	
	on the premises. Evening	
	functions should end by 11.45pm	
	(source Cambridgeshire.net	
	website).	
	As such Lister Village Hell is not	
	As such Linton Village Hall is not	
	considered to satisfy South	
	Cambs indoor community facility	
	standards from a quality	
	perspective as well as quantity.	
	Again Linton Parish Council	
	highlight that the lack of existing	
	infrastructure, combined with the	
	insufficient level of developer	
	contributions, does not generate	
	the level of community facilities as	
	required by the NPPF to provide a	
	village that is sustainable for more	
	growth.	
	growan.	
	If the application were to be	
	approved then Linton Parish	
	Council would look to build a	
	multipurpose community centre	
	with a focus aimed at young	
	people and which will be available	
	for hire by scouts, guides,	
	brownies and other users. The	
	2.2	

				Parish Council would need to identify other funding sources to achieve the delivery of this project and at present no sources have been identified.  The contribution required as per the indoor community space policy would be:  1 bed - £284.08 2 bed - £371.00 3 bed - £513.04 4+ bed - £703.84				
SCDC5	Household	RECAP	YES	£72.50 per house dwelling and	£3,987.50	TBC	YES	None
	waste receptacles	WMDG		£150 per flat	,			
SCDC6	S106 monitoring		YES	£1,000	£1,000	TBC	YES	None

	Non standard requirements									
Ref	Туре	Policy	Required	Detail	Quantum	Fixed contribution / Tariff	Trigger	Officer agreed	Applicant agreed	Number of existing Pooled obligations
OTHER1	Health	DP/4	NO	NHS England have not sought contributions from this development						
OTHER2	Public Art	SF/6	NO	In determining planning applications the District Council will encourage the provision or commissioning of publicly accessible art, craft and design works. The policy applies to residential developments comprising 10 or more dwellings.  Linton Parish Council are keen to install one or more key landmark public art works comprising plaques, street furniture and sculptures at a central village location (at the corner of High						

Street and Cambridge Road). The	
works will draw inspiration from the	
history of Linton as a whole but	
also the history of the location of	
the new development which is	
understood to have significant	
archaeological interest.	
archaeological interest.	
The Public Art SPD says that	
South Cambridgeshire Council will	
normally encourage developers to	
dedicate between 1% and 5% of	
the associated construction costs	
of the capital project to Public Art,	
however historically contributions	
have been in the region of £500	
per dwelling. On this basis an	
offsite contribution of £27,500	
would have been sought and	
which will be used to facilitate the	
provision of public art works at the	
development site and at a	
prominent location within the heart	
of the village.	
Within the overarching roles that	
the planning system ought to play,	
a set of core land-use planning	
principles should underpin both	
plan-making and decision-taking.	
One of these 12 principles are that	
planning should take account of	
and support local strategies to	
improve health, social and cultural	
wellbeing for all, and deliver	
sufficient community and cultural	
facilities and services to meet local	
needs. The provision of public art	
within the village would be one	
way of achieving that core	
planning objective.	
plaining objective.	
District Officers have considered	
this request and although agree	
that there are merits in delivering	
these improvements, are unsure	
whether the first CIL test (i.e.	

necessity) is satisfied.  This view is taken on the basis that this test relates to the obligation being necessary in planning terms i.e. in order to bring a development in line with the objectives of
sustainable development as articulated through the relevant local, regional or national planning policies.
In the case of public art the policy is to 'encourage'. Development control policies later say that public art will be sought through negotiation but it is not a mandatory requirement. On this basis if the applicant was minded
to make a public art contribution it could not form a reason for granting planning permission.

TOTAL - £90,800.06 (subject to final housing mix and excluding the cost of providing the LEAP)

PER DWELLING - £1,650.91 (subject to final housing mix and excluding the cost of providing the LEAP)